

Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Date : \_\_\_\_\_

PAPILUMO / 1st Grade (ages 6–7)

# Balancing Addition Equations Within 10

Write the missing number so both sides of = have the same total.

Example: both additions have the same total.

$$2 + 4 = 3 + 3$$

$$6 = 6$$

2 + 4 makes 6. Starting with 3, add another 3 to make 6.

Need help? Draw or place counters in the spaces below each equation.

1.

$$2 + 3 = 1 + \square$$

$$\square = \square$$

2.

$$\square + 2 = 3 + 3$$

$$\square = \square$$

3.

$$5 + 3 = 6 + \square$$

$$\square = \square$$

4.

$$1 + \square = 2 + 5$$

$$\square = \square$$

5.

$$3 + 3 = \square + 1$$

$$\square = \square$$

6.

$$\square + 7 = 4 + 5$$

$$\square = \square$$

7.

$$\square + 4 = 1 + 3$$

$$\square = \square$$

8.

$$6 + 4 = 3 + \square$$

$$\square = \square$$

Check both additions after you fill in the missing number.